



Government of **Western Australia**
Department of **Health**

WA Hospital Medication Chart - Adult and Paediatric (Short Stay and Long Stay)

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WA Hospital Medication Chart (WA HMC)

- The WA HMC is the national standardised medication chart designed to assist communication of a patient's medication requirements consistently between health professionals and to support the safe and quality use of medications.
- Use of the WA HMC is mandatory for all WA public and private health services that provide publicly-funded inpatient care.
- The WA HMC
 - supports requirements for accreditation purposes
 - builds on the key safety features of the NIMC
 - has been modified to adopt the format requirements of the National Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme Hospital Medication Chart (PBS HMC)

- Health Service Providers (HSPs) must use the WA HMC for adult patients (WA Medication Chart Policy) alongside the WA Health Electronic Discharge Summary application
 - currently Notification and Clinical Summary (NaCS)
- Use of the WA HMC for discharge dispensing remains at the discretion of the HSP but must not preclude the use of the NaCS for discharge prescription.

Front page of WA HMC

Hospital name..... Medication chart number of

Hospital Provider number.....

Ward..... Team.....

Additional charts Variable dose Acute pain Other
 IV fluid BGL/Insulin Chemotherapy Anticoagulation
 Palliative care

Chart valid for: 1 month 4 months 12 months

Initials: Authority Prescription Number XXXXXXXX

First prescriber to complete:

ONCE ONLY, PRE-MEDICATION AND NURSE/MIDWIFE INITIATED MEDICINES									
Date/Time prescribed	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Route	Dose	Date/Time of dose	Prescriber/Nurse/Midwife Initiator		Given by	Date/Time Given	Pharmacy
					Signature	Print your name			

TELEPHONE ORDER (to be signed within 24 hours of order)												
Date/Time	Medicine (print generic name)	Route	Dose	Frequency	Nurse/Midwife initials 1st/2nd	Dr name	Dr Sign	Date	RECORD OF ADMINISTRATION			
									Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by

Medicines taken prior to presentation to hospital
 (Prescribed, over the counter, complementary)

See WA MMP Own medicines brought in? Y N Administration aid (specify)

Medicine	Dose and frequency	Duration	Medicine	Dose and frequency	Duration

GP: Community pharmacy:

Sign: Print: Date: Medicines usually administered by:

Prescriber Details						
	Prescriber 1	Prescriber 2	Prescriber 3	Prescriber 4	Prescriber 5	Prescriber 6
Name:						
Prescriber No.						
Contact No.						
Address:						
Signature:	Signature	Signature	Signature	Signature	Signature	Signature
Date:	Date	Date	Date	Date	Date	Date

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BINDING MARGIN

HCC00X PBS Hospital Medication Chart A (Adult) © Commonwealth of Australia 2016 - As amended 2022 (WA Version 2)

WA Hospital Medication Chart - Short Stay MR XXX

XXXX 08/22

Check if patient has another medication chart

are better value

Patient Identification

Affix patient identification label here and overleaf

URN:	
Family name:	Not a valid prescription unless identifiers present
Given names:	
Address:	
Date of birth:	Sex: M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>
Medicare No:	PBS/RPBS Entitlement No.
<input type="checkbox"/> Concessional or dependent RPBS or Safety Net Concession Card Holder	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Net Entitlement Card Holder

First prescriber to print patient name and check label correct:

Weight (kg): Height (cm): Date:...../...../.....

- The patient's identity must be established before prescribing commences. To ensure that the medications are prescribed for the correct patient, each medication chart must have:
 - The patient's name, unique medical record number (UMRN), date of birth and gender written in legible print; OR
 - The current patient identification label (addressograph).

Medications should not be administered if the prescriber has not documented the patient identification.

Patient Location & Number of Medication charts

Hospital name.....
Hospital Provider number.....
Ward..... Team.....

- The patient's current location (ward or unit) within the hospital should be clearly marked on the medication chart.
- If a patient moves to a different ward or unit, this new location should be indicated on the medication chart - the previous ward should be crossed off, and the new ward should be written in its place.
- If there are more than one WA HMC or WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart in use, then this must be indicated by filling in the appropriate numbers in the space provided

MEDICATION Chart No.of

- If additional charts are written, or charts are ceased, this information should be updated

Additional (specialised) Charts

- When additional (specialised) charts are written, this should be indicated by placing a tick or cross in the space provided for each specialised chart in use. Failure to communicate additional specialised charts may result in missed doses or duplicated prescribing.
- There are two sections on the chart that can be used to document when specialised charts are in use.
- Front of chart:
- Inside chart above regular medication order:

Medication chart number of

Additional charts Variable dose

IV fluid BGL/insulin Acute pain Other

Palliative care Chemotherapy Anticoagulation

Additional Charts – Tick if in use

<input type="checkbox"/> Blood Glucose Level (BGL) monitoring	<input type="checkbox"/> Subcutaneous Insulin or	<input type="checkbox"/> Intravenous Insulin Infusion)
<input type="checkbox"/> Clozapine	<input type="checkbox"/> Intravenous (IV) Fluid	<input type="checkbox"/> Chemotherapy
<input type="checkbox"/> Agitation & arousal	<input type="checkbox"/> Palliative care	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute Pain
<input type="checkbox"/> Long acting injection	<input type="checkbox"/> Variable dose	<input type="checkbox"/> Other

Anticoagulant prescribing

- Use of the WA Adult Anticoagulation Medication chart is mandatory for the prescription and administration of all anticoagulants
- If an anticoagulant is prescribed in adults the anticoagulation specialised chart box on front of chart and the 'Warfarin/Anticoagulant in use' box should be ticked.

Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) risk assessment / Anticoagulation		Risk Assessment completed by: (name)	Date/Time	Continued Y/N
<input type="checkbox"/> VTE risk considered (refer guidelines)	<input type="checkbox"/> Bleeding risk considered			
Pharmacological Prophylaxis: <input type="checkbox"/> Indicated* <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indicated <input type="checkbox"/> Contraindicated <small>*Consider surgical and anaesthetic implications prior to prescribing</small>				
Mechanical Prophylaxis: <input type="checkbox"/> GCS <input type="checkbox"/> IPC <input type="checkbox"/> VFP <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indicated <input type="checkbox"/> Contraindicated				
<small>Key: GCS – Graduated Compression Stockings; IPC – Intermittent Pneumatic Compression; VFP – Venous Foot Pumps</small>				

**Warfarin/
Anticoagulant
in use**
Refer to
Anticoagulation Chart for
administration details

- A “Patient on Anticoagulant” sticker may also be attached to the Warfarin/Anticoagulant in use box



Attach ADR sticker

Allergies and adverse drug reactions (ADR)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Nil known <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown (tick appropriate box or complete details below)		
Medicine (or other)	Reaction / type / date	Initials

Sign _____ Print _____ Date _____

Allergies and

Adverse Drug Reaction Alert

This section communicates the existence of previous allergies, adverse drug reactions (ADRs) and related information.

The following details must be completed:

- Allergy Status:
 - Tick the **'Nil known'** box if the patient is not aware of any previous allergies or ADRs, OR
 - Tick the **'Unknown'** box if no information is available about previous reactions (e.g. if the patient is unable to communicate), OR
 - **Details of previous allergies or ADRs** – include medication and reaction details (refer below for more information)
- Signature and printed name of person taking allergy/ADR history
- Date of initial documentation (by person above)

Doctors, nurses, midwives and pharmacists are required to complete this documentation for ALL patients

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Medicines Taken Prior to Presentation to Hospital

Medicines taken prior to presentation to hospital (Prescribed, over the counter, complementary)					
<input type="checkbox"/> See WA MMP					
Own medicines brought in? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> Administration aid (specify)					
Medicine	Dose and frequency	Duration	Medicine	Dose and frequency	Duration
GP:			Community pharmacy:		
Sign:		Print:		Date: Medicines usually administered by:	

- The admitting medical officer, pharmacist or other clinician trained in medication history documentation may complete this section.
- This section is included on the medication chart to facilitate quick and effective documentation of, and access to, medication history information and provides space for the minimum information that should be documented.
- For the majority of patients this information should be documented on the WA Medication History and Management Plan (WA MMP) form.

Once Only, Pre-Medication and Nurse/Midwife Initiated Medicines

ONCE ONLY, PRE-MEDICATION AND NURSE/MIDWIFE INITIATED MEDICINES									
Date/Time prescribed	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Route	Dose	Date/Time of dose	Prescriber/Nurse/Midwife Initiator		Given by	Date/Time Given	Pharmacy
					Signature	Print your name			

- The following must be documented in this section:
 - Date/Time prescribed
 - Generic medication name
 - Route of administration
 - Dose to be administered
 - Date/Time to be administered
 - Prescriber’s signature and printed name OR nurse/midwife initiator’s signature and printed name
 - Initials of person that administered medication
 - Date/Time medication administered

- Ward pharmacist should confirm the medication is safe to administer and annotate if the medication requires supply or is on imprest (I), a Schedule 8 (S8) or Restricted Schedule 4 medication (S4R)

Telephone orders

TELEPHONE ORDER (to be signed within 24 hours of order)												
Date/Time	Medicine (print generic name)	Route	Dose	Frequency	Nurse/Midwife Initials 1st/2nd	Dr name	Dr Sign	Date	RECORD OF ADMINISTRATION			
									Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by	Time/ Given by

- Telephone orders are discouraged, as they are an error prone activity. To reduce the potential for error, telephone orders are to be countersigned by 2 nurses/midwives who have both independently heard/received and read back the order to the prescribing doctor
- The following must be completed:

- Date/time prescribed
- Generic medication name
- Route of administration
- Dose to be administered
- Frequency at which the medication is to be administered
- Initial of two nurses/midwives to confirm that the verbal order has been heard and checked
- Name of doctor giving verbal order
- Initials of person that administers the medication
- Date and time medication administered

Middle Pages of the medication chart

Cut off section

Attach ADR Sticker

Allergies and adverse drug reactions (ADR)
 All known Unknown (fill appropriate box or complete details below)

Medicine (or other)	Reaction / Type / Date	Initials

Sign _____ Print _____ Date _____

URN: _____ Affix patient identification label here and overleaf

Family name: _____ Not a valid prescription unless identifiers present

Given names: _____

Address: _____

Date of birth: _____ Sex: M F

Medicare No: _____ PBS/RPBS Entitlement No. _____

Concessional or dependent RPBS or Safety Net Concession Card Holder Safety Net Entitlement Card Holder

First prescriber to print patient name and check label correct:

Weight (kg): _____ Height (cm): _____ Date: ____/____/____

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year _____

Variable dose medicine

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date and month	Drug level	Time level taken	Dose	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprint	Prescriber	Time to be given	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Continued/discharged? Y / N	Dispensed? Y / N	Refused? Y / N	Rescheduled? Y / N	Date	

Recommended administration times Guidelines only

Morning	Evening	0000	1800 or 2000
Night	Nocte		
Twice a day	BD	0000	2000
Three times a day	TDS	0000	1400 2000
Regular 8 hourly	8 hly	0000	1200 1800 2400
Regular 6 hourly	6 hly	0000	1400 2000
Four times a day	QID	0000	1200 1800 2200

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year _____

Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date and month	Route	Dose and Frequency	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprint S8 S4R	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Continued/discharged? Y / N	Dispensed? Y / N	Refused? Y / N	Rescheduled? Y / N	Date

VTE risk assessment / Anticoagulation

VTE risk considered (refer guidelines) Bleeding risk considered

Pharmacological Prophylaxis: Indicated Not indicated Contraindicated

Mechanical Prophylaxis: GCS IPC VFP Not indicated Contraindicated

Key: GCS – Graduated Compression Stockings; IPC – Intermittent Pneumatic Compression; VFP – Venous Foot Pumps

Risk Assessment completed by (name): _____ Date/Time: _____ Continue Y / N: _____

Warfarin / Anticoagulant in use

SR = Sustained, modified or controlled release formulation.

If scored tablet, then half can be given.

Dose must be swallowed without crushing.

Additional Charts – Tick if in use

Blood Glucose Level (BGL) monitoring Subcutaneous Insulin or Intravenous Insulin Infusion

Clozapine Intravenous (IV) Fluid Chemotherapy

Agitation & arousal Palliative care Acute Pain

Long acting injection Variable dose Other _____

Year 20..... **DATE AND MONTH**

Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date and month	Route	Dose and Frequency	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprint S8 S4R	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Continued/discharged? Y / N	Dispensed? Y / N	Refused? Y / N	Rescheduled? Y / N	Date

Pharmaceutical review: _____

Reason for not administering

Codes MUST be circled

Absent (A)

Fasting (F)

On leave (L)

Not available – obtain supply or contact prescriber (N)

Refused – notify prescriber (R)

Self administered (S)

Vomiting (V)

Withheld – enter reason in clinical record (W)

SAC: Streamline Authority Code
 AAN: Authority Approval Number

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year _____

Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date and month	Route	Dose and Frequency	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprint S8 S4R	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Continued/discharged? Y / N	Dispensed? Y / N	Refused? Y / N	Rescheduled? Y / N	Date

Pharmaceutical review: _____

Check if patient has another medication chart

Check if patient has another medication chart

Variable Dose Medicine Orders

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year

Variable dose medicine			Date and month											Year				
Start Date /	Medicine (print generic name)/form		Drug level															
Route	Frequency <small>Prescriber to enter dose times and individual dose</small>		Time level taken															
Indication		Pharmacy	Dose															
Prescriber signature		Print name	Prescriber															
		SAC/AAN	Time to be given															
			Nurse initial															
			Continuation discharge? Y / N															
			Dispensed? Y / N															
			Duration:days City:															
			Prescriber's signature:															
			Date:															

- This section has been formatted to facilitate ordering of medicines that require
 - **variable dosing, based on laboratory test results** (e.g. vancomycin) **or**
 - **as a reducing protocol** (e.g. prednisolone).
- For each medication order, the following details must be documented:
 - Start date
 - Route of administration
 - Indication
 - Generic medication name
 - Frequency of administration
 - Prescriber's signature and printed name
- For each dose, the following information must be documented:
 - Dose to be administered
 - Time dose is to be administered
 - Prescriber's signature
 - Initials of nurse that administers the dose in 'Nurse Initial' box and notes actual time dose is given in same box.
- For each day of therapy, the following information must be documented:
 - Drug level results, when required
 - Time drug level taken

Regular Medicine Orders

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/PPBS Year _____

Date and month		Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times												Year
Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)													
...../.....	Tick if slow release													
Route	Dose and Frequency	and now enter times												
Indication	Pharmacy	Impress S8 S4R												
Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN												
													Continue on discharge? Y / N Disposal? Y / N Duration:DaysDy Prescriber's signature:	
													Date:	

- All regular medications must be prescribed in this section of the WA HMC
- For an order to be valid the following must be complete
 - Start date
 - Generic medicine name
 - Route of administration
 - Dose and Frequency
 - Indication
 - Prescriber's signature and name (printed)

Tick if
slow
release

Slow Release box

Tick if
slow
release

SR = Sustained, modified or controlled release formulation.

If scored tablet, then half can be given.

Dose must be swallowed without crushing.

- The “Tick if Slow Release” box is included as a prompt to prescribers to consider whether or not the standard release form of the medication is required. This box must be ticked to indicate a sustained or modified release form of an oral medication (e.g. verapamil SR, diltiazem CD, metformin XR, tramadol SR).
- If not ticked, then it is assumed that the standard release form is to be administered.
- If the box has not been ticked, nursing staff may want to contact the ward/clinical pharmacist or prescriber to seek clarification of which form should be administered to the patient.

Ceased or changing medicines

- When ceasing a medication, the original prescription must NOT be removed or obscured.
- The prescriber must draw a clear diagonal line through the order and two diagonal lines through the administration record section
- Prescriber must write 'ceased', reason for ceasing, date and sign the ceased order.
- If a change to the medication order is required the above should be followed and complete a new entry on the chart.

Year 20..22.....		DATE AND MONTH →		12/8	13/8	14/8	15/8	16/8	17/8	18/8	19/8	20/8	21/8
Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times ↓													
Start Date 12 / 08	Medicine (print generic name)/form Digoxin	Tack if slow release											
Route PO	Dose and Frequency 125 microg mane	and now enter times →		0800	TS	CD	LM						
Indication Atrial fibrillation	Pharmacy Imprest S8 S4R	AT 12/B											
Prescriber signature T.M.	Print name T. Miller	SAC/AAN											

Diagonal lines are drawn through the administration record section (columns 15/8 to 19/8) and the order section (rows 15/8 to 19/8). Handwritten text in blue ink reads: "Ceased 15/8 dose decreased 50%".

Administration Record

- Every nurse/midwife has a responsibility to ensure they can clearly read and understand the order before administering any medications. For all incomplete or unclear (include illegible) orders, the prescriber must be contacted to clarify.
- Assumptions should never be made about the prescriber's intent.
- Remember the six Rights
 - The right **patient**
 - The right **medication**
 - The right **dose**
 - The right **time**
 - The right **route**
 - The right **documentation**

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PDR/PSB Year _____

Date and month _____
Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name)/form	Date and month _____	Time _____	Day _____	Frequency _____	Dose _____	Route _____	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprest \$8.50	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Continue on discharge? Y / N	Dispensed? Y / N	Duration: _____ days QY _____	Prescriber's signature	Date: _____
_____ / _____																		

Reasons for Not Administering

- When it is not possible to administer the prescribed medication, the reason for not administering must be recorded by entering **the appropriate code and circling this code**.
- By circling the code, it will not accidentally be misread as someone's initials.
- The nurse/midwife is responsible for obtaining supply of a medication that is not available on the ward by contacting pharmacy
- The prescriber must be notified :
 - If a patient refuses a dose
 - If the medication is not available on the ward
- If a medication or dose is withheld, the reason must be documented in the patient's medical notes.

Reason for not administering Codes MUST be circled	
Absent	(A)
Fasting	(F)
On leave	(L)
Not available – obtain supply or contact prescriber	(N)
Refused – notify prescriber	(R)
Self administered	(S)
Vomiting	(V)
Withheld – enter reason in clinical record	(W)

Pharmaceutical Review

- The clinical/ward pharmacist (or appropriately credentialed health professional for medication review) must sign this section as a record that they have reviewed the medication chart on that day

Pharmaceutical review:																			
------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

- Review by a clinical pharmacist will ensure that all orders are clear, safe and appropriate for that individual patient, therefore the risk of an adverse drug event is minimised

Back Page of Medication Chart

URN:
 Family name: **Not a valid prescription unless identifiers present**
 Given names:
 Address:
 Date of birth: Sex: M F
 Medicare No: **PBS/RPBS Entitlement No.**
 Concessional or dependent RPBS or Safety Net Concession Card Holder Safety Net Entitlement Card Holder

Approved pharmacy details:

 Pharmacy approval no:

Attach ADR sticker

First prescriber to print patient name and check label correct:

See front page for details

As required PRN medicines

Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS

Year

Start Date / /	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date	Time											Duration of discharge?				Disposal?			

Pharmaceutical review:

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BINDING MARGIN

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Check if patient has another medication chart

As required (PRN) Medicines

- Prescribing section must have the following complete:

- Start date of prescription
- Generic medicine name
- Route of administration
- Dose and hourly frequency
- Indication and maximum daily dose
- Prescriber's signature, printed name and contact details

As required PRN medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name/form)	Date																		
Route	Dose and hourly frequency	PRN	Time																	
Indication	Max PRN dose/24hr		Dose																	
SAC/AN	Pharmacy	Imprint S8 54H	Route																	
Prescriber signature	Print Name		Sign																	

Continue on discharge? Y / N
 Dispense? Y / N
 Duration: days Qty:
 Prescriber's signature:
 Date:

- Administration section the following must be documented:

- Date
- Time
- Dose administered
- Route of administration
- Initial of person administering the dose
- Person checking each dose is responsible for
 - Checking maximum daily dose is not exceeded
 - Checking the timing of the previous dose

Multiple route orders

- Generally, medication orders should be written for **ONE ROUTE** only.
- Local requirements may indicate other practices.
- Hospital and health service organisations should be aware of risks associated with medication orders with multiple routes of administration.
- A health service-specific list of exceptions to the general rule should be determined in conjunction with the health service’s Drug and Therapeutics Committee (DTC) or equivalent, and appropriate risk mitigation strategies put in place

Start Date 12/08	Medicine (print generic name)/form Paracetamol IR		Date	13/8	13/8	14/8	15/8													
Route PO/IV	Dose and hourly frequency 1g 4-hourly		PRN	Time	1200	2000	1400	2200												
Indication Pain	Max PRN dose/24hr 4g		Dose	1g	1g	1g	1g													
SAC/AAN	Pharmacy		Imprest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S4R A.T.12/B	Route	PO	PO	IV	IV												
Prescriber signature 	Print Name C.Elliot		Sign	TT	GH	SY	SY													
			Continue on discharge?	Y / N												Dispense?	Y / N			
			Durations: days				Qty:								Prescriber's signature:				
			Date:				

Special features of

WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart

- The paediatric versions (both short stay and long stay versions) incorporate additional features identified as important for facilitating safe medications use in the paediatric and neonatal populations.
 - Boxes for recording weight and date measured on front and back pages
 - Spaces for recording body surface area (BSA) and gestational age at birth (where relevant)

Front page	Back page										
<table border="1"><tr><td>Weight (kg):</td><td>.....</td></tr><tr><td>Date weighed:</td><td>Gestational age at birth (wks):</td></tr><tr><td>Height (cm):</td><td>Date:</td></tr><tr><td>B.S.A. (m²):</td><td>Date:</td></tr></table>	Weight (kg):	Date weighed:	Gestational age at birth (wks):	Height (cm):	Date:	B.S.A. (m ²):	Date:	<table border="1"><tr><td>Weight (kg):.....</td></tr><tr><td>Date weighed:.....</td></tr></table>	Weight (kg):.....	Date weighed:.....
Weight (kg):										
Date weighed:	Gestational age at birth (wks):										
Height (cm):	Date:										
B.S.A. (m ²):	Date:										
Weight (kg):.....											
Date weighed:.....											

Special features of WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart

- Space for documenting the basis of dose calculation (e.g. mg/kg/dose)
- Space for double signing when recording administration

YEAR 20__			DATE & MONTH	11/1							
PRESCRIBER MUST ENTER ADMINISTRATION TIMES											
Date	Medicine (Print Generic Name)		Tick if Slow Release								
11/1	Paracetamol										
Route	DOSE	Frequency & now enter times		0600	JB						
PO	150mg	6 hourly			CD						
Pharmacy/Additional Information				1200							
Indication				1800	PK						
Pain		Calculation of Dose (eg. mg/kg/DOSE)		2400	LP						
		15mg/kg			PK						
Prescriber Signature	Print Name	Contact/Pager									
<i>J. Brown</i>	J Brown	2986									

Special features of WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart

- Reason for Not Administering:
 - There is an additional code on the WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart
 - This code indicates that the medication was administered by the paediatric patient's parent or carer

REASON FOR NOT ADMINISTERING			
Codes MUST be circled			
Absent (A)	Not available - obtain supply or contact Prescriber (N)	Vomiting (V)	
Fasting (F)	Withheld - Enter reason in Clinical Record/Chart (W)	On Leave (L)	
Refused - Notify Prescriber (R)	Self Administration (S)	Parent/Carer Administration (P)	

Ordering and administering miscellaneous products on the WA HMC

- The WA HMC or WA Paediatric Hospital Medication Chart is not designed for ordering and recording administration of nutritional supplements (oral or enteral).
- Some health services have a separate clinical nutrition chart for ordering and administering these products.
- Health Services that choose to use the WA HMC for ordering nutritional supplements should undertake a risk assessment and have a local policy or procedure on the ordering and recording administration of nutritional supplements.
- The WA HMC should not be used to order or administer medical gases such as oxygen, as these medications require specific features to safely order, administer and monitor their use.

Discharge Supply

- Use of the WA HMC for discharge dispensing remains at the discretion of the HSP.
- It **must not** preclude the use of the WA Electronic Discharge Summary Application (currently NaCS) for discharge reconciliation, prescription generation requirements at discharge, creation of consumer medication lists and discharge summaries

Discharge Supply

- Private contracted health entities that provide publicly-funded inpatient care must implement this chart for PBS inpatient and discharge supply.
- All approved PBS prescribers in accordance with local policy can use the WA HMC to prescribe eligible PBS/RPBS medications.
- An Approved Medical Practitioner cannot supply medications from a WA HMC.
- Supply from the WA HMC will occur at the pharmacy service attached to the hospital by whatever arrangement is in place.
- If a patient is discharged outside of normal pharmacy service business hours, a separate PBS/RPBS prescription will need to be prepared in this instance by the PBS prescriber discharging the patient.

PBS requirements

Prescribers should ensure that each medicine panel is completed in full.

- Write clearly in blue or black indelible pen (ball point pens only)
- Write the word 'private' or 'non-PBS' where you do not intend a PBS or RPBS claim to be made
- Tick the **brand substitution box** if any or all of the medicines on the PBS HMC are not suitable for generic substitution – emphasise your instruction by specifying the brand name in each applicable medicine order
- Mark the appropriate 'valid for' period on the front of the chart (1, 4 or 12 months) and initial.
- Refer to the User Guide for further information on the best practice use of the PBS HMC.
- Prescribers must ensure that medicines are prescribed on the PBS HMC in accordance with jurisdictional regulations.

PBS requirements

- SAC/AAN

Regular Medicines Brand substitution not permitted PBS/RPBS Year

Prescriber MUST ENTER administration times Date and month

Start Date	Medicine (print generic name)/form	Route	Dose and Frequency	Indication	Pharmacy	Imprest \$8 SAR	Prescriber signature	Print name	SAC/AAN	Date and month	Year	Continue on discharge? Y / N	Deposited? Y / N	Duration: days City	Prescriber's signature	Date
..... /																

Tick it slow release

and now enter times

- **Streamline Authority Code (SAC)** – is the relevant 4 digit streamline code. Only the prescriber can provide this information
- Phone authority – a single PBS authority prescription number is printed on the WA HMC and must be used by the prescriber to obtain authority approval
- **Authority Approval Number (ANN)** – must be written in the box provided. Only the prescriber can provide this information.

Medicines and Technology Unit,
Patient Safety and Clinical Quality Directorate.
WA Department of Health

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Recommendations for change to these charts should be lodged to the [WA DoH Medicines and Technology Unit](#).

Recommendations for change must be evidence based, with the primary objective of improving patient safety.